DIFFERENTIATION DIAMOND

DIFFERENTIATION STRATEGIES for Advanced Middle School Students SCIENCE & SOCIAL STUDIES HETEROGENEOUS CLASS

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DEGREES OF GIFTEDNESS

Gagne (2003)

TOP 10% LEVEL	GIFTED LABEL	Ratio in Population	IQ Equivalent
	Mildly	1 in 10 90%	120 125
2	Moderately	1 in 100 99%	130 135
3	Highly	1 in 1,000	145
4	Exceptional	1 in 10,000	155
5	Extremely (Profound)	1 in 100,000	165

GIFTED CHARACTERISTICS

TRAIT	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE
High Energy	Good at Multitasking – Gets Things Done	Exhausting – Moves Takes on Too Much
Intensity	Passionate & Enthusiastic w/World	May be source of ridicule by non-G/T
Perfectionism	Develops Naturally - Very High Standards	Dissatisfaction With Imperfections
Idealism & Sense of Justice	Promotes fairness & Concern for World	Rigid Judgment of Self and Others
Entelechy	Motivated to be all they can be; Strength of will	Strong will can be a threat to others; Burnout

PSYCHIC OVEREXCITABILITY

Dabrowski – Adapted by M. Piechowski in New Voices in Counseling the Gifted

PSYCHOMOTOR	Surplus of energy; rapid speech, fast games and sports; Psychomotor expression of emotional tension; compulsive talking
SENSUAL	Sensory pleasure (smelling, touching, hearing); Sensual expression of emotional tension (wanting limelight); Aesthetic pleasures
INTELLECTUAL	Probing questions; problem solving; learning (curiosity, avid reading, detailed planning); Theoretical thinking – Analytical thinking
IMAGINATIONAL	Free play of the imagination (image, metaphor, invention, fantasy, magical thinking); Spontaneous imagery as expression of emotion
EMOTIONAL	Intensity of feeling; Highly Sensitive Child; Inhibition (shyness); Strong affective memory; Fears, anxieties, feelings of guilt; Concern with death, depressive moods, Relationship feelings Feelins toward self (inadequacy, inferiority) 4

Teacher Checklist - LEARNING

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- Unusually advanced vocabulary for age or grade; uses terms in meaningful way; has verbal behavior characterized by "richness" of expression, elaboration, fluency
- Large storehouse of information about a variety of topics (beyond usual interests of same age).
- Quick mastery & recall of factual information.

 \checkmark

 Rapid insight into cause-effect relationships; tries to discover how and why of things; asks many provocative questions (as distinct from informational or factual questions); wants to know what makes things (or people) "tick." Has ready grasp of underlying principles and can quickly make valid generalizations about events, people, or things; looks for similarities and differences in events, people, things.

 Is keen and alert observer; usually "sees more" or "gets more" out of a story, film, etc, than others.

 Reads a great deal on own; usually prefers adult level books; does not avoid difficult material; may show a preference for biography, autobiography, encyclopedias and atlases.

Tries to understand complicated material by separating it into its respective parts; reasons things out for self; sees logical and common sense answers.

Teacher Checklist - MOTIVATION

- Becomes absorbed and truly involved in certain topics or problems; is persistent in seeking task completion; (Sometimes difficult to get student to move on to another topic.)
- Is easily bored with routine tasks.
- Needs little external motivation to follow through in work that initially excites the student.
- Strives toward perfection; is self-critical; is not easily satisfied with own speed or products.

- Prefers to work independently; requires little direction from teachers.
 - Is interested in many "adult" problems such as religion, sex, race—more than usual for age level.
- Often is self-assertive (sometimes even aggressive); stubborn in own beliefs;
- Likes to organize and bring structure to things, people and situations.
- Is quite concerned with right and wrong, good and bad; often evaluates and passes judgment on events, people, things.

7 MULTIPLE INTELLIGENCES

Verbal Linguistic

 Logical-Mathematical

Visual-Spatial Body-Kinesthetic Musical-Rhythmic Interpersonal Intrapersonal

GROUPING Strategies INCLUSION in Regular Classroom HETEROGENEOUS GROUPING CLUSTER GROUPING FLEXIBLE GROUPING ABILITY GROUPING CURRICULUM COMPACTING DIFFERENTIATION of INSTRUCTION CREATIVITY / CREATIVE THINKING INDEPENDENT RESEARCH - INTERESTS

DIFFERENTIATION DIAMOND

Balancing Whole Group and Small Group Instruction (Sample Ability Distribution)

STANINE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Percen- tile	0-19	20- 29	30- 39	40- 49	50- 59	60- 69	70- 79	80- 89	90- 99
Example: CLASS OF 20 Students	5 %	5 %	15 %	15 %	20 %	15 %	10 %	10 %	5 %
	1	1	3	3	4	3	2	2	1
	R.T.I.	R.T.I.	Belong s	A All	S Student s] In	Clas s	Talent	G/T

DIFFERENTIATION Strategies

- CONTENT PROCESS PRODUCT
- BLOOM'S TAXONOMY Evaluation
- Pre-Assessment KWL Compacting
- ♦ RUBRICS
- Technology
- Classroom Centers
- Independent Study Resident Expert
- Tiered Learning Assignments
- Sequential Packets
- Choice Options Tic Tac Toe

LEARNING MODALITIES

ABSTRACT ABSTRACT ABSTRACT SEQUENTIAL RANDOM

AUDITORY (Hear)

VISUAL

(See)

LEARNING STYLES

CONCRETE CONCRETE SEQUENTIAL RANDOM KINESTHETIC (Touch)

VERTICAL / HORIZONTAL

ACCELERATION

MATH READING SKILLS SPELLING

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

♦ ENRICHMENT

SCIENCE
SOCIAL STUDIES
6 TRAITS WRITING
0EEPER STUDY
INDEP. RESEARCH
CREATIVE Projects
EXTENSIONS

MAP READING - Advanced

READING	GRADE	GRADE	GRADE
GOAL STRAND	6	7	8
Strategies & Comprehension	Above 230	231-240	241-250
Word Analysis & Vocabulary Skills	Above 240	241-250	251+
Literature: Literary Elements & Techniques	231-240	241-250	251+
Variety of Literary Works	Above 220	241-250	251+

INSPIRING INSIGHT!

Insight BeyondLiteral

A TRAITS Accountability Accuracy Ambition A+ ADD 3+ WOW Attention **A ADVANCED 3** Attitude A- ASKED 2.9

ADVANCED LIT/ENG Mid-Quarter - CRITERIA CHECKLIST

Maintains B Average

- Independence in class & Homework
- Consistent Homework on Time
- High Level of Commitment
- High Level of Focus in Class

Quickly Grasps Reading & Vocab.

Enjoys challenge of Advanced Reading

Excellent Satisfactory Area of Concern

IDENTIFICATION LIT/ENG 7 8 out of 15 Points to Qualify

MAP	MAP	Grade 6
READING	LANGUAGE	CHECKLIST
MAP Reading	MAP Language	Reading/
90+%	90+ %	Language Arts
Highest of 3	Highest of 3	Checklist
90-91 = 1	90-91 = 1	1-8 = 1
92-93 = 2	92-93 = 2	9-16 = 2
94-95 = 3	94-95 = 3	17-24 = 3 25-32 = 4
96-97 = 4	96-97 = 4	33-42 = 5
98-99 = 5	98-99 = 5	

ADV. LIT/ENGLISH 7-8 Checklist

READING/LANGUAGE

READ COMP -**Verbal & Written Responses to reading.** LITERATURE **Analytical & Interpretive** Skills **ADV. VERBAL SKILLS** Critical & High Level **Discussion Skills** LANGUAGE MECHANICS **Spelling, Sentence** Structure, Punctuation WRITING – 6 Traits Sample WORK HABITS

INDEPENDENCE – Initiative to independently complete assignments in and out of class. HOMEWORK – Consistently completes all assignments on time. FOCUS – Demonstrates high level of focus in class CLASSROOM READING GRADE ADVANCED RDG. GRADE

Accelerated Math - Checklist

- Strong computational skills.
 Seeks out challenging math problems and activities on own and is persistent in solving them.
 Strong organizational skills. Completes homework.
 Learning quickly with few
- repetitions.
- Works well independently.

	I.S. Accele	rated Math
GR	ACCEL SEQUENCE	HONORS SEQUENCE
9	Algebra II Accel. EXPLORE 19-25 LTHS Alg. 1 Exam 70%+	Algebra II Honors EXPLORE 19-25 LTHS Alg. 1 Exam 90%+
10	Geometry Accel.	Geometry/Trig Honors
11	Trig/PreCalc Accel.	Precalculus Honors
12	Calculus AB (AP) 1 Sem. College	Calculus BC (AP) 2 Sem. College

EXPLORE TEST (Grade 8 for H.S. Placement)

ENGLISH	READINC	MATH	SCIENCE
 Topic Develop- ment Organiza- tion Word Choice Sentence Structure 	 Main Ideas and Author's Approach Supporting Details Relationships Meanings of Words Generaliza- 	 Basic Operations Probability Numbers: Concepts & Properties Expressions, Equations, and Inequalities Graphical 	 Interpretation of Data Scientific Investigation Evaluation of Models, Inferences, and Experimental
◆Usage◆Punctuation	tions and Conclusions	Representations Properties of Plane Figures	Results

♦Measurement

SAT v/s ACT

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200-

♦ ACT

♦ SAT

- MATH More unusual problems; feel like IQ questions
- WRITING/ENGLISH Grammar & Usage
- READING COMPREHENSION – Passages Different Lengths
- SCIENCE NONE
- ESSAY Mandatory 25 Min.
- VOCABULARY Sentence Completion
- TIME/FORMAT 10 SECTIONS 3 Hrs. and 45
 Minutes
- SCORING 3 Scores from 800 added = 600-2400

- MATH More Advanced (incl. Trig.); Questions more straightforward
- WRITING/ENGLISH Punctuation, Grammar, Various writing issues.
- READING COMPREHENSION

 Passages roughly the same length
- SCIENCE Passages test reasoning, not science knowledge
- ESSAY Optional 30 Min.
- VOCABULARY NOT Tested
 - TIME/FORMAT 4 SECTIONS 2 Hrs. and 55 Min. + Essay 30
- SCORING 1-36 4 Scores Avg.

Prime- and Down-Times

	PRIME-	TIMES	DOWN-	TIMES
Min.	Number Min.	% Total Time	Number Min.	% Total Time
20	18	90%	23	10
40	30	75%		25
80	50	62%	30	38

Primary-Recency Effect in the Classroom We tend to remember <u>best</u> that which comes first (Prime-Time-1) We tend to remember <u>second</u> best that which comes last (Prime-Time-2) We tend to remember least that which comes just past the middle (down-time)

Applying the Primary-Recency Effect

- Teach new material first. Also good time to reteach.
 Avoid at beginning
 - asking if students know anything.
- Avoid using primetime for classroom management tasks.
- Use down-time for student practice, discussion.
- Do closure during prime-time-2. 🔨 If you review, do it before closure. Doing review instead of closure is of little value to retention. Try to package lesson objectives or sublearnings in teaching episodes of about 20 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONAL MODEL

		Prime Time-1 CORE - NEW		
		15 MIN.		
RTI	Guided	DIFFERENTIATED	Independent Practice	Indep
	Practice	CORE PRACTICE		Study
		20 Min.		
		Prime Time-2		
		CORE CLOSURE		
		5 MIN.		

Average Retention of Material After 24 Hours

VERBAL	Lecture	<mark>5%</mark>
PROCESSING	Reading	10%
VERBAL &	Audiovisual	20%
VISUAL	Demonstration	30%
PROCESSING	Discussion Group	50%
	Practice By Doing	75%
DOING	Teach Others Immediate Use Learning	90%

Using Novelty in Lessons

Humor

- Movement Students sit too much in classrooms
- Multi-Sensory Instruction Interesting, colorful visuals – Walk around and talk about learning
- Quiz Games Underutilized in secondary schools
- Music Some benefits

Working Memory With Age

	Capacity	Of Working	Memory
AGE in Years	Minimum	Maximum	Average
Younger than 5	1	3	2,
Between 5 and 14	3	7	5
14 and Older	5		7

Revisiting BLOOM's Taxonomy

Original Version (1956)	Revised Version (2001)
EVALUATION	CREATE
SYNTHESIS	EVALUATE
ANALYSIS	ANALYZE
APPLICATION	APPLY
COMPREHENSION	UNDERSTAND
KNOWLEDGE	REMEMBER

INSTRUCTIONAL MODEL & Bloom's Taxonomy

		Prime Time-1		
		CORE - NEW		
		15 MIN.	Compl	exity
R	Guided Practice	DIFFERENTIATED	Independent Practice	Indep Study
Т	Practice	CORE PRACTICE		Study
I	Remember	Understand Apply Analyze	Evaluate	Create
		Prime Time-2		
	CORE CLOSURE			
		5 MIN.		

CURRICULUM COMPACTING

- > PRE-ASSESSMENT Test KWL
- STUDENT COMPACTOR FORM
- No Evidence of Mastery Participate
- Evidence of Mastery Advanced Work
- WORKING CONDITIONS Rubric
- GRADING Mastery = A to Begin?
- OR Graded on Advanced Work/Rubric
- Incentive to do Advanced Work

Curry & Samara Unit Design From BASIC.....to ABSTRACT

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
FROM					
SIMPLE					
ТО					
COMPLEX					
Select Topic	State a Challenge	Design a Plan	Gather Info	Organize Info	Present Findings

SAMPLE UNITS AVAILABLE

SCIENCE

- MEASUREMENT
 WEATHER
- → STATISTICS
- THERMAL ENERGY
 INVENTIONS

INTEGRATED UNITS ADAPTATION POWER



GEOGRAPHIC SAGA
 INVENTORS

INTEGRATED UNITS CHANGE EXPLORATION CULTURES

Applying the NAGC PARALLEL CURRICULUM MODEL

CORE or BASIC Curriculum	Curriculum of Connections	Curriculum of Practice	Curriculum of Identity
Key Facts	Extends Core	Promoting	Uses
Concept	Interact with	students'	curriculum as
Principles	Core in a	expertise as	catalyst for
Skills Essential	variety of	practitioners	self-definition
to the	settings, times,	of the	and self-
Discipline	circumstances.	discipline.	understanding
POWER	Extensions	Apply to	Personal
Standards	for Social	Practice of	Interest &
for all	Studies	Science	Careers

Activities to Stimulate Higher-Order Thinking

- Use Analogies & Metaphors to describe concepts, theories, principles
- Attempt to solve real life problems
- Ask questions with multiple answers
- Use debates and discussions to tackle more than one side of an issue.
- Role plays or simulations of historical events.

- Supplement regular textbooks with additional materials
- Encourage students to watch T.V. programs, attend community meetings, read newspaper articles that express different viewpoints.
- Analyze the content of popular media for accuracy and completeness
- Explore the methods used to develop knowledge in a particular field.

Reading Guidelines

- Use direct instruction to identify important concepts (core).
- Conquer Vocabulary -Define before reading.
- Help with comprehension – scan for key words and phrases.
- Talk, Talk and Talk some more – Questioning, Cooperative Learning

- Use Graphic Organizers.
- Add Novelty.
- Incorporate supplemental textbooks.
- Establish in-class vertical files of magazine & newspaper articles.
- Use audiovisual aids.

INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

Direct Teaching Demonstration Concept **Attainment by Compare**/ Contrast Socratic Method Cooperative Learning

 Simulations & Games
 Individualized Instruction
 Drill and Practice

DAILY LESSON DESIGN

Anticipatory Set Learning **Objective** > Purpose Input Modeling

 Check for Understanding
 Guided Practice

Closure

Independent Practice

ADVANCED RUBRIC LABELS

ATTRIBUTES DESCRIPTORS	NOVICE		APPREN- TICE		DISTIN- GUISHED
CRITERIA 1	BEGIN- NING	DEVEL- OPING	COMPE- TENT	PROFI- CIENT	EXPERT
CRITERIA 2	1 Needs Improv.	2 Satis.	3 Good	4 EXCEL	5 Lent
CRITERIA 3	1 "D"	2 ``C″	3 ″B″	4 EXCEL -LENT "A"	5 EXTEN- SION EXCEEDS EXPECTA- TIONS

ADVANCED EXTENSIONS Science & Social Studies

- Read Biographies & Chapters on Inventors, Scientists, Historical Figures – Hall of Fame
- Interview Skits
- Review Speeches by Political Figures and Scientists
- Research & Debate
 Conflicting Viewpoints
- Newsletter
- On-Line Info Discussion
- Interview of Practitioner Career Research
- E-Mail Letters commenting on books, articles.

- Research Report
- Advanced Articles from Internet & Journals
- High School Textbook Extensions
- Quiz Competitions
- Greek & Latin Vocab for Science and History (Word Within A Word)
- Scientific Charts & Graphs of Experiment Descriptions
- Research Summaries
- > Data Representation
- Classroom Vertical File Development

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